

PTE Dictation Words PDF

1. Interconnection (n)

Meaning: To mutually connect with one or two things.

Example: Two bridges are interconnected to save time and space.

Plural: Interconnections

UK Pronunciation: /,ɪn.tə.kə'nek.jən/

US Pronunciation: /,ɪn.tə.kə'nek.jən/

2. Communication (n)

Meaning: To share or exchange information, thoughts, or feelings

Example: During an interview, communication is the most important skill to express yourself.

Plural: Communications

UK Pronunciation: /kə'mjuːnɪ'keɪʃənz/

US Pronunciation: /kə'mjuːnɪ'keɪ.jən/

3. Dissertation (n)

Meaning: A detailed piece of writing about a particular research subject, submitted at a university.

Example: Your dissertation has a few plagiarism errors. Fix it before submitting it to your professor.

Plural: Dissertations

UK Pronunciation: /,dɪs.ə'teɪ.jən/

US Pronunciation: /,dɪs.ə'teɪ.jən/

4. Manufacturing (n)

Meaning: An industry or business that builds products especially with machines in factories.

Example: BMW is manufacturing a new range of electric cars to reduce air pollution.

Plural: Manufactures

UK Pronunciation: /,mæn.jə'fæk.tʃə.rɪŋ/

US Pronunciation: /,mæn.jə'fæk.tʃə.ɪŋ/

5. Entertainment (n)

Meaning: The act of having pleasure in an activity or amusing people.

Example: I watch movies and sports for entertainment.

Plural: Entertainments

UK Pronunciation: /en.tə'teɪn.mənt/

US Pronunciation: /en.tə'teɪn.mənt/

6. Reconciliation (n)

Meaning: Two people are becoming united after an argument or disagreement.

Example: I reconciled with my friend after a fight.

Plural: Reconciliations

UK Pronunciation: /,rek.ən'sɪl.i'ei.jən/

US Pronunciation: /,rek.ən'sɪl.i'ei.jən/

7. Postgraduate (n) (adj)

Meaning: A person who has completed a master's degree from a college or university.

Example: John is a recent postgraduate student from the UK.

Plural: Postgraduates

UK Pronunciation: /,pəʊst'grædʒ.u.ət/

US Pronunciation: /,poust'grædʒ.u.ət/

8. Automatically (adv)

Meaning: A machine or device that works without any human effort.

Example: We bought a Tesla car that drives automatically.

Plural: Automatic (uncountable)

UK Pronunciation: /,ɔː.tə'mæt.ɪ.kəl.i/

US Pronunciation: /,ɑː.tə'mæt.ɪ.kəl.i/

9. Participation (n)

Meaning: The act of indulging or taking part in an activity.

Example: Men's participation in daily chores is welcoming.

Plural: Participations

UK Pronunciation: /pɑː'tɪs.ɪ'peɪ.fən/

US Pronunciation: /pɑːr'tɪs.ə'peɪ.fən/

10. Compositional (adj)

Meaning: The way in which something is put together or arranged.

Example: The composition of two chemical compounds results in complex substances.

Plural: Compositions

UK Pronunciation: /,kɒm.pə'zɪf.ən.əl/

US Pronunciation: /,kɑːm.pə'zɪf.ən.əl/

11. International (adj)

Meaning: Involving two or more countries/groups from different countries/known in more than one country.

Example: International students study in USA.

Plural: Internationals

UK Pronunciation: /,ɪn.tə'næʃ.ən.əl/

US Pronunciation: /,ɪn.tə'næʃ.ən.əl/

12. Understand (v)

Meaning: To know the meaning of something, someone's emotions or some languages.

Example: You need to understand the situation before making a decision.

Plural: Understand

UK Pronunciation: /,ʌn.də'stæn.d/

US Pronunciation: /,ʌn.də'stæn.d/

13. Identification (n)

Meaning: The process of recognising someone or something.

Example: Security guards must check every person's identification.

Plural: Identifications

UK Pronunciation: /aɪ'den.tɪ.fɪ'keɪ.fən/

US Pronunciation: /aɪˌden.təˈfeɪ.jən/

14. Commencement (n)

Meaning: A ceremony or event that is beginning.

Example: ICC announced the commencement of the Cricket World Cup in 2023.

Plural: Commencements

UK Pronunciation: /kəˈmens.mənt/

US Pronunciation: /kəˈmens.mənt/

15. Sophisticate (v)

Meaning: Having or showing advanced and complete knowledge about something or having a lot of experience in a particular subject.

Example: Taj hotel promises sophisticated and luxurious experience for tourists.

Plural: Sophisticates

UK Pronunciation: /səˈfɪs.tɪ.keɪt/

US Pronunciation: /səˈfɪs.tə.keɪt/

16. Incorporate (v)

Meaning: The act of making something into a part of something for betterment.

Example: Boxers must incorporate Muhammad Ali's principles while fighting.

Plural: Incorporates

UK Pronunciation: /ɪnˈkɔː.pə.ɪt/

US Pronunciation: /ɪnˈkɔːr.pə.ɪt/

17. Professional (n)

Meaning: Acting or delivering something in a skillful and experienced way.

Example: After graduation, develop some professional skills.

Plural: Professionals

UK Pronunciation: /prəˈfeʃ.ən.əl/

US Pronunciation: /prəˈfeʃ.ən.əl/

18. Circumstance (n)

Meaning: An event occurring during a particular time or situation.

Example: Before planning for a trip, consider circumstances like mode of transportation, weather, rooms, etc.

Plural: Circumstances

UK Pronunciation: /ˈsɜː.kəm.stɑːns/

US Pronunciation: /ˈsɜː.kəm.stæns/

19. Complementary (adj)

Meaning: Doing something and getting benefitted mutually.

Example: I give you this book as a compliment.

Plural: Complementaries

UK Pronunciation: /ˌkɒm.plɪˈmen.tər.i/

US Pronunciation: /ˌkɑːm.pləˈmen.t̬ə.i/

20. Accommodation (n)

Meaning: A place to live or stay comfortably.

Example: Bangalore has more accommodation than any other Metropolitan city in India.

Plural: Accommodations

UK Pronunciation: /ə,kəm.ə'deɪ.jən/

US Pronunciation: /ə,kɑːmə'deɪ.jən/

21. Opportunity (n)

Meaning: A chance to do something that you like.

Example: After studying in a reputed university, there are various job opportunities available.

Plural: Opportunities

UK Pronunciation: /,ɒp.ə'tjuː.nə.ti/

US Pronunciation: /,ɑː.pə'tuː.nə.ti/

22. Consideration (n)

Meaning: Thinking about various factors before doing something.

Example: While choosing a study abroad, take PR and job market also into considerations.

Plural: Considerations

UK Pronunciation: /kən,sɪd.ə'reɪ.jən/

US Pronunciation: /kən,sɪd.ə'reɪ.jən/

23. Statistically (adv)

Meaning: Numbers are derived to provide factual information about something.

Example: Based on statistical information, India is growing rapidly.

Plural: Statistics

UK Pronunciation: /stə'tɪs.tɪ.kəl.i/

US Pronunciation: /stə'tɪs.tɪ.kəl.i/

24. Qualification (n)

Meaning: Skills or qualities required to perform a particular task.

Example: Check your qualifications for study abroad.

Plural: Qualifications

UK Pronunciation: /,kwɒl.ɪ.fɪ'keɪ.jən/

US Pronunciation: /,kwɑːlə.fə'keɪ.jən/

25. Transportation (n)

Meaning: Movement of goods and persons from one place to another.

Example: People in France are shifting to different modes of transportation.

Plural: Transportations

UK Pronunciation: /,træn.spɔː'teɪ.jən/

US Pronunciation: /,træn.spə'teɪ.jən/

26. Implementation (n)

Meaning: The process of putting a plan into action.

Example: Make sure the government scheme implementations are effective.

Plural: Implementations

UK Pronunciation: /,ɪm.plɪ.men'teɪ.jən/

US Pronunciation: /,ɪm.plə.men'teɪ.jən/

27. Undergraduates (n)

Meaning: Students who pass out from college after completing their bachelor's degree.

Example: Undergraduates got placed in big tech companies.

Singular: Undergraduate

UK Pronunciation: /ˌʌn.dəˈgrædʒ.u.ət/

US Pronunciation: /ˌʌn.dəˈgrædʒ.u.ət/

28. Recommendation (n)

Meaning: Saying something that can be tried or used.

Example: Follow teacher's recommendations for exam preparation.

Plural: Recommendations

UK Pronunciation: /ˌrek.ə.menˈdeɪ.ʃən/

US Pronunciation: /ˌrek.ə.menˈdeɪ.ʃən/

29. Archaeologist (n)

Meaning: A person who researches past objects or parts of buildings.

Example: Indian archaeologists discovered new fossils in the South.

Plural: Archaeologists

UK Pronunciation: /ˌɑː.kiˈɒl.ə.dʒɪst/

US Pronunciation: /ˌɑːr.kiˈɑːlə.dʒɪst/

30. Transformation (n)

Meaning: A big change in any form like appearance, nature, performance, etc.

Example: Russia faced a major transformation after World War 2.

Plural: Transformations

UK Pronunciation: /ˌtræns.fəˈmeɪ.ʃən/

US Pronunciation: /ˌtræns.fəˈmeɪ.ʃən/

31. Recollection (n)

Meaning: An ability to remember a thing.

Example: I have only vague recollections of the school I attended.

Plural: Recollections

UK Pronunciation: /ˌrek.əˈlek.ʃən/

US Pronunciation: /ˌrek.əˈlek.ʃən/

32. Surprisingly (adv)

Meaning: Something that you didn't expect.

Example: I gifted my wife surprisingly.

Plural: Surprises

UK Pronunciation: /səˈpraɪ.zɪŋ.li/

US Pronunciation: /səˈpraɪ.zɪŋ.li/

33. Disappointed (adj)

Meaning: Something went wrong or didn't happen as expected.

Example: Fans are disappointed with the players' performance.

Plural: Disappointments

UK Pronunciation: /ˌdɪs.əˈpɔɪn.tɪd/

US Pronunciation: /ˌdɪs.əˈpɔɪn.tɪd/

34. Geographical (adj)

Meaning: The study of the world's physical qualities, climate, population, etc.

Example: Due to the geographical landscape, we have many advantages.

Plural: Geographicals

UK Pronunciation: /ˌdʒi.əˈgræf.i.kəl/

US Pronunciation: /ˌdʒi.əˈgræf.i.kəl/

35. Accumulation (n)

Meaning: Gathering something for a purpose.

Example: Politicians have accumulated wealth.

Plural: Accumulations

UK Pronunciation: /əˈkjuː.mjəˈleɪ.ʃən/

US Pronunciation: /əˈkjuː.mjəˈleɪ.ʃən/

36. Neuroscience (n)

Meaning: A study that deals with the structure or function of the nervous system and brain.

Example: My friend suggested Neuroscience to study after high school.

Plural: Neurosciences

UK Pronunciation: /ˌnjʊə.rəʊˈsaɪəns/

US Pronunciation: /ˌnʊr.ouˈsaɪəns/

37. Stationeries (n)

Meaning: A bunch of equipment to study, like pen, pencil, eraser, ink, etc.

Example: Students must keep their stationeries safely.

Singular: Stationery

UK Pronunciation: /ˈsteɪ.ʃən.ər.i/

US Pronunciation: /ˈsteɪ.ʃə.nər.i/

38. Publication (n)

Meaning: Printing books, magazines, etc.

Example: I sent my books to the nearby publication to have.

Plural: Publications

UK Pronunciation: /ˌpʌb.lɪˈkeɪ.ʃən/

US Pronunciation: /ˌpʌb.ləˈkeɪ.ʃən/

39. Conservative (adj)

Meaning: Do not accept changes.

Example: Be open-minded, and don't be a conservative.

Plural: Conservatives

UK Pronunciation: /kənˈsɜː.və.tɪv/

US Pronunciation: /kənˈsɜː.və.tɪv/

40. Explanation (n)

Meaning: An information that gives a reason for something.

Example: While preparing for competitive exams, make sure you learn with explanations.

Plural: Explanations

UK Pronunciation: /,ek.splə'nei.fən/

US Pronunciation: /,ek.splə'nei.fən/

41. Scholarship (n)

Meaning: An amount of money given to students for the purpose of studying.

Example: The Canadian government offers scholarships for prospective students.

Plural: Scholarships

UK Pronunciation: /'skɒl.ə.ʃɪp/

US Pronunciation: /'skɑː.lə.ʃɪp/

42. Instrumental (adj) (n)

Meaning: Helping for something useful.

Example: Jessica's contribution to this project is instrumental to achieving the target.

Plural: Instrumentals

UK Pronunciation: /,ɪn.strə'men.təl/

US Pronunciation: /,ɪn.strə'men.təl/

43. Unemployment (n)

Meaning: A situation where people have no jobs.

Example: Due to pandemic, there is a rise in the unemployment rate.

Plural: Unemployments

UK Pronunciation: /,ʌn.ɪm'plɔɪ.mənt/

US Pronunciation: /,ʌn.ɪm'plɔɪ.mənt/

44. Commissioner (n)

Meaning: The head of a government department, especially the Police.

Example: Judge summoned the Deputy Commissioner to justify his act.

Plural: Commissioners

UK Pronunciation: /kə'mɪʃ.ən.ər/

US Pronunciation: /kə'mɪʃ.ən.ər/

45. Development (n)

Meaning: A process of growing better.

Example: India witnesses huge developments in international trade.

Plural: Developments

UK Pronunciation: /dɪ'vel.əp.mənt/

US Pronunciation: /dɪ'vel.əp.mənt/

46. Participant (n)

Meaning: A person who takes part in something.

Example: I organised an event where participants engaged enthusiastically.

Plural: Participants

UK Pronunciation: /pɑː'tɪs.ɪ.pənt/

US Pronunciation: /pɑːr'tɪs.ə.pənt/

47. Architecture (n)

Meaning: The study of designing and constructing a building.

Example: Taj Mahal is a beautiful architecture.

Plural: Architectures

UK Pronunciation: /'ɑː.kɪ.tek.tʃər/

US Pronunciation: /'ɑːr.kə.tek.tʃə-/

48. Considerably (adv)

Meaning: Notably to a large extent.

Example: Climate change is impacting our lives considerably.

Plural: Considerables

UK Pronunciation: /kən'sɪd.ər.ə.bli/

US Pronunciation: /kən'sɪd.ə.ə.bli/

49. Application (n)

Meaning: A formal written request or a mobile tool to use.

Example: I used an application for voice recognition.

Plural: Applications

UK Pronunciation: /,æp.li'keɪ.jən/

US Pronunciation: /,æp.lə'keɪ.jən/

50. University (n)

Meaning: An educational institution that provides the highest level of education.

Example: After higher education, students must study in a reputed university.

Plural: Universities

UK Pronunciation: /,juː.nɪ'vɜː.sə.ti/

US Pronunciation: /,juː.nə'vɜː.sə.ti/

51. Carbohydrate (n)

Meaning: A substance in food that gives energy to the body.

Example: Humans require carbohydrates on a daily basis.

Plural: Carbohydrates

UK Pronunciation: /,kɑː.bəʊ'hɑɪ.dreɪt/

US Pronunciation: /,kɑːr.bou'hɑɪ.dreɪt/

52. Instruction (n)

Meaning: A step-by-step information that tells you how to do something.

Example: Follow the instructions and achieve a smooth transition.

Plural: Instructions

UK Pronunciation: /ɪn'strʌk.jən/

US Pronunciation: /ɪn'strʌk.jən/

53. Insufficient (adj)

Meaning: Not enough.

Example: Your information is insufficient, so that we won't publish your article.

Plural: Insufficiencies

UK Pronunciation: /,ɪn.sə'fɪʃ.ənt/

US Pronunciation: /,ɪn.sə'fɪʃ.ənt/

54. Communicable (adj)

Meaning: Something that transfers from one person to another.

Example: Covid-19 is a communicable disease.

Plural: Communicables

UK Pronunciation: /kə'mju:.nɪ.kə.bəl/

US Pronunciation: /kə'mju:.nə.kə.bəl/

55. Construction (n)

Meaning: The act of building or making something.

Example: Dubai is booming in building constructions.

Plural: Constructions

UK Pronunciation: /kən'strʌk.fən/

US Pronunciation: /kən'strʌk.fən/

56. Inconclusive (adj)

Meaning: Not giving a definite result or conclusion.

Example: Researchers think that a study about the human race is inconclusive.

Plural: Inconclusive

UK Pronunciation: /,ɪn.kəŋ'klu:.sɪv/

US Pronunciation: /,ɪn.kəŋ'klu:.sɪv/

57. Configuration (n)

Meaning: The way in which a group of things are arranged.

Example: We built a software configuration to manage our work.

Plural: Configurations

UK Pronunciation: /kən'fɪg.ə'reɪ.fən/

US Pronunciation: /kən'fɪg.jə'reɪ.fən/

58. Technological (adj)

Meaning: A way of using technology.

Example: Artificial Intelligence is a recent technological advancement.

Plural: Technologies

UK Pronunciation: /,tek.nə'lədʒɪ.kəl/

US Pronunciation: /,tek.nə'lɑ:.dʒɪ.kəl/

59. Communicate (v)

Meaning: To share or exchange information.

Example: Teach students how to communicate effectively.

Plural: Communications

UK Pronunciation: /kə'mju:.nɪ.keɪt/

US Pronunciation: /kə'mju:.nə.keɪt/

60. Appreciation (n)

Meaning: A sense of gratefulness for something.

Example: Mike received an appreciation letter from his company.

Plural: Appreciations

UK Pronunciation: /əˌpriː.ʃi'ei.ʃən/

US Pronunciation: /əˌpriː.ʃi'ei.ʃən/

61. Ponder

Meaning: Thinking about something for a long time.

Example: She pondered over her speech.

Plural: Ponders

UK Pronunciation: /'pɒndə/

US Pronunciation: /'pɑːndər/

62. Proficient

Meaning: Able to do a specific task well.

Example: Usain bolt has highly proficient athletic skills.

Plural: Proficients

UK Pronunciation: /prə'fɪ(ə)nt/

US Pronunciation: /prə'fɪənt/

63. Proximity

Meaning: Being close to or nearby something

Example: I'm located in close proximity to the railway station.

Plural: Proximities

UK Pronunciation: /prɒk'sɪmɪti/

US Pronunciation: /prɑːk'sɪməti/

64. Sceptical

Meaning: Having doubts or reservations

Example: While choosing a course, don't be sceptical.

Plural: Scepticals

UK Pronunciation: /'skɛptɪk(ə)l/

US Pronunciation: /'skɛptɪkəl/

65. Simultaneous

Meaning: Doing two or more things at the same time

Example: I listen to music and read the book simultaneously.

Plural: Simultaneous

UK Pronunciation: /ˌsɪm(ə)l'teɪniəs/

US Pronunciation: /ˌsaɪm(ə)l'teɪniəs/

66. Synthesize

Meaning: The process of combining two or more things.

Example: We produced this product by synthesizing two materials.

Plural: Synthesizes

UK Pronunciation: /'sɪnθɪsaɪz/

US Pronunciation: 'sɪnθəsaɪz/

67. Transcribe

Meaning: To record or write speech or data from the original.

Example: Civil servants appoint an assistant to transcribe whatever they speak.

Plural: Transcribers

UK Pronunciation: /træn'skraɪb/

US Pronunciation: /træn'skraɪb/

68. Utilize

Meaning: To make use of something

Example: Utilize the new study materials for this exam.

Plural: Utilizes

UK Pronunciation: /'juːtɪlaɪz/

US Pronunciation: /'juːtəlaɪz/

69. Validate

Meaning: To check something that is true or not.

Example: Always validate your answers before submitting to the examiner.

Plural: Validations

UK Pronunciation: /'vælɪdeɪt/

US Pronunciation: /'vælɪdeɪt/

70. Vigilant

Meaning: Always looking out for danger.

Example: This place is not safe, so stay vigilant.

Plural: Vigilanties

UK Pronunciation: /'vɪdʒɪlənt/

US Pronunciation: /'vɪdʒələnt/

71. Vocabulary

Meaning: All the words given in a language.

Example: Improve your vocabulary to speak well in English.

Plural: Vocabularies

UK Pronunciation: /və'kæbjʊləri/

US Pronunciation: /və'kæbjələri/

72. Vital

Meaning: Very important or necessary.

Example: Data is a vital part of marketing research.

Plural: Vitals

UK Pronunciation: /'vaɪt(ə)l/

US Pronunciation: /'vaɪt(ə)l/

73. Xerox

Meaning: The process of exactly copying the content.

Example: Take a xerox from a nearby printing shop.

Plural: Xeroxes

UK Pronunciation: /'ziərɒks/

US Pronunciation: /'ziɹɑːks/

74. Vulnerable

Meaning: Weak and easy to hurt somebody or something.

Example: Children are vulnerable in this society.

Plural: Vulnerabilities

UK Pronunciation: /'vʌln(ə)rəb(ə)l/

US Pronunciation: /'vʌln(ə)rəb(ə)l/

75. Wit

Meaning: A skill of using words in an amusing way.

Example: Clinton is known for his wit.

Plural: Wits

UK Pronunciation: /wɪt/

US Pronunciation: /wɪt/

76. Yield

Meaning: To produce an outcome.

Example: Farmers yield good business from the agricultural industry.

Plural: Yields

UK Pronunciation: /jiːld/

US Pronunciation: /jiːld/

77. Zeal

Meaning: Expressing great energy

Example: I travel throughout the world with zeal and enthusiasm.

Plural: Zeals

UK Pronunciation: /ziːl/

US Pronunciation: /zɪl/

78. Juxtapose

Meaning: Placing two things together to show their differences.

Example: I juxtapose two clothes to show their pros and cons.

Plural: Juxtapositions

UK Pronunciation: /ˌdʒʌkstəˈpəʊz/

US Pronunciation: /ˌdʒʌkstəˈpoʊz/

79. Isolate

Meaning: Keeping something or someone aside from others.

Example: People isolate wrongdoers from society.

Plural: Isolations

UK Pronunciation: /ˈaɪsəleɪt/

US Pronunciation: /ˈaɪsəˌleɪt/

80. Integrate

Meaning: Joining things together

Example: While preparing for competitive exams, integrate new methods of learning.

Plural: Integrations

UK Pronunciation: /ˈɪntɪɡreɪt/

US Pronunciation: /ˈɪntəˌɡreɪt/

81. Innovation

Meaning: A new method, process, etc.

Example: Apple is known for its innovative ideas and products.

Plural: Innovations

UK Pronunciation: /ˌɪnəˈveɪʃ(ə)n/

US Pronunciation: /ˌɪnəˈveɪʃən/

82. Impressive

Meaning: Creating a sense of admiration and respect of someone or something.

Example: Virat Kohli played an impressive innings last week.

Plural: Impressive

UK Pronunciation: /ɪmˈpreɪsɪv/

US Pronunciation: /ɪmˈpreɪsɪv/

83. Hesitate

Meaning: Pausing or feeling shy to do something.

Example: Don't hesitate to say NO at work.

Plural: Hesitations

UK Pronunciation: /ˈhezɪteɪt/

US Pronunciation: /ˈhezəˌteɪt/

84. Grateful

Meaning: Being thankful to someone.

Example: Be grateful to your teachers.

Plural: Gratitudes

UK Pronunciation: /ˈɡreɪtʃ(ə)l/

US Pronunciation: /'greɪtfəl/

85. Global

Meaning: Including all parts of the world.

Example: Mr. Bean is globally recognised.

Plural: Globals

UK Pronunciation: /'gləʊb(ə)l/

US Pronunciation: /'gloub(ə)l/

86. Frugal

Meaning: Using small or limited money or food that is necessary.

Example: My spending pattern is frugal.

Plural: Frugals

UK Pronunciation: /'fru:g(ə)l/

US Pronunciation: /'fru:g(ə)l/

87. Forecast

Meaning: To calculate or predict what is likely to happen in the future.

Example: Forecast the weather and plan your trip accordingly.

Plural: Forecasts

UK Pronunciation: /'fɔ:kɑ:st/

US Pronunciation: /'fɔr,kæst/

88. Fluctuate

Meaning: Keep on changing in numbers, prices, etc.

Example: Your blood pressure is fluctuating positively.

Plural: Fluctuations

UK Pronunciation: /'flʌktʃueɪt/

US Pronunciation: /'flʌktʃu,eɪt/

89. Expand

Meaning: To become something bigger.

Example: To succeed, you must expand your horizon of knowledge.

Plural: Expansions

UK Pronunciation: /ɪk'spænd/

US Pronunciation: /ɪk'spænd/

90. Exhausted

Meaning: Very tired.

Example: People feel exhausted after reaching their home.

Plural: Exhaustions

UK Pronunciation: /ɪg'zɔ:stɪd/

US Pronunciation: /ɪg'zɔstɪd/

91. Exaggerate

Meaning: Making something seem larger or smaller than it really is.

Example: Some politicians exaggerate the flaws committed by the opposition.

Plural: Exaggerations

UK Pronunciation: /ɪg'zadʒəreɪt/

US Pronunciation: /ɪg'zædʒə'reɪt/

92. Essential

Meaning: Important and necessary

Example: Writing is an essential skill in today's competitive world.

Plural: Essentials

UK Pronunciation: /ɪ'senʃ(ə)l/

US Pronunciation: /ɪ'senʃəl/

93. Enormous

Meaning: Looks very big or huge.

Example: Elephants are enormous in size compared to other animals.

Plural: Enormous

UK Pronunciation: /ɪ'nɔːməs/

US Pronunciation: /ɪ'nɔrməs/

94. Enhance

Meaning: Improving something.

Example: Enhance your inner strength to face obstacles in life.

Plural: Enhancements

UK Pronunciation: /ɪn'hɑːns/

US Pronunciation: /ɪn'hæns/

95. Emphasize

Meaning: Highlighting something important.

Example: Emphasise your points while speaking to the audience.

Plural: Emphasizes

UK Pronunciation: /'ɛmfəsaɪz/

US Pronunciation: /'ɛmfəsaɪz/

96. Efficient

Meaning: Ability to perform well without committing any mistakes.

Example: You must be efficient at work.

Plural: Efficiencies

UK Pronunciation: /ɪ'fɪʃ(ə)nt/

US Pronunciation: /ɪ'fɪʃənt/

97. Domestic

Meaning: Anything that is within the country.

Example: Domestic workers are more in Southern India.

Plural: Domestic

UK Pronunciation: /də'mɛstɪk/

US Pronunciation: /də'mɛstɪk/

98. Distinct

Meaning: Clearly different from others.

Example: Give distinct ideas when brainstorming.

Plural: Distincts

UK Pronunciation: /dɪ'stɪŋkt/

US Pronunciation: /dɪ'stɪŋkt/

99. Dilemma

Meaning: A state of confusion and difficulty to make decisions.

Example: After an earthquake, the whole city was in a dilemma.

Plural: Dilemmas

UK Pronunciation: /dɪ'lemə/

US Pronunciation: /daɪ'lemə/

100. Compassionate

Meaning: Expressing sympathy and concern for others.

Example: Students must learn how to be compassionate from their teachers.

Plural: Compassions

UK Pronunciation: /kəm'pəʃ(ə)nət/

US Pronunciation: /kəm'pæʃ(ə)nət/

101. Acquire

Meaning: To buy something.

Example: Government will acquire the land from culprits.

Plural: Acquire

UK Pronunciation: /ə'kwʌɪə/

US Pronunciation: /ə'kwɑɪər/

102. Admire

Meaning: To respect or like somebody.

Example: Muhammad Ali is admired by all sportsmen.

Plural: Admirers

UK Pronunciation: /əd'maɪə/

US Pronunciation: /əd'maɪər/

103. Aggressive

Meaning: Showing force or pressure to succeed.

Example: In competition, you must be aggressive to defeat the opponent.

Plural: Aggressives

UK Pronunciation: /ə'grɛsɪv/

US Pronunciation: /ə'grɛsɪv/

104. Alleviate

Meaning: To relieve or lessen.

Example: India tries hard to alleviate people from poverty.

Plural: Alleviates

UK Pronunciation: /ə'li:vɪɪt/

US Pronunciation: /ə'li:vɪɪt/

105. Ambitious

Meaning: A strong desire to become successful.

Example: Today's generation is ambitious.

Plural: Ambitions

UK Pronunciation: /am'bɪʃəs/

US Pronunciation: /æm'bɪʃəs/

106. Ample

Meaning: More than enough.

Example: There are ample opportunities for brand managers in Europe.

Plural: Ample

UK Pronunciation: /'ampl/

US Pronunciation: /'æmpl/

107. Assume

Meaning: Believing that something is true even though there is no evidence.

Example: I assumed that China is a developed country.

Plural: Assumes

UK Pronunciation: /ə'sju:m/

US Pronunciation: /ə'sum/

108. Benefit

Meaning: Being useful or advantageous.

Example: Measure the benefits before buying a product.

Plural: Benefits

UK Pronunciation: /'bɛnɪfɪt/

US Pronunciation: /'bɛnəfɪt/

109. Capacity

Meaning: An ability to understand or do something.

Example: Know your team's capacity and allocate the workload.

Plural: Capacities

UK Pronunciation: /kə'pasɪti/

US Pronunciation: /kə'pæsəti/

110. Challenge

Meaning: Something new and difficult that requires more effort.

Example: Take challenges in life to prove your skills.

Plural: Challenges

UK Pronunciation: /'tʃælɪn(d)ʒ/

US Pronunciation: /'tʃælɪndʒ/

111. Coherent

Meaning: Logical and easy to understand.

Example: His speech is coherent.

Plural: Coherents

UK Pronunciation: /kəʊ'hɪərənt/

US Pronunciation: /kou'hɪrənt/

112. Determine

Meaning: An act of finding out to decide or conclude.

Example: Youngsters are determined during exams.

Plural: Determines

UK Pronunciation: /dɪ'tɜːmɪn/

US Pronunciation: /dɪ'tɜrmin/

113. Devote

Meaning: Giving one's attention to a particular person or thing without any expectations.

Example: Devote yourself to the work.

Plural: Devotees

UK Pronunciation: /dɪ'vəʊt/

US Pronunciation: /dɪ'vout/

114. Display

Meaning: To show or exhibit something explicitly.

Example: Don't display your anger to others.

Plural: Displays

UK Pronunciation: /dɪs'pleɪ/

US Pronunciation: /dɪs'pleɪ/

115. Encounter

Meaning: Seeing someone or something unexpectedly.

Example: I encountered a wild animal on the road.

Plural: Encounters

UK Pronunciation: /ɪnˈkaʊntə/

US Pronunciation: /ɪnˈkaʊntər/

116. Enthusiasm

Meaning: Intense enjoyment, interest or passion for something.

Example: I have enthusiasm for studying History.

Plural: Enthusiasms

UK Pronunciation: /ɪnˈθjuːziæz(ə)m/

US Pronunciation: /ɪnˈθuziˌæzəm/

117. Experiment

Meaning: A scientific procedure undertaken to test a hypothesis or theory.

Example: You must experiment your project using different hypotheses.

Plural: Experiments

UK Pronunciation: /ɪkˈspɛrɪm(ə)nt/

US Pronunciation: /ɪkˈspɛrəmənt/

118. Fascinate

Meaning: Making someone curious about something.

Example: I'm fascinated by watching the Avatar movie.

Plural: Fascinates

UK Pronunciation: /ˈfæsɪneɪt/

US Pronunciation: /ˈfæsəˌneɪt/

119. Feature

Meaning: A unique attribute or characteristic of a thing.

Example: This mobile phone contains several features for the camera.

Plural: Features

UK Pronunciation: /ˈfiːtʃə/

US Pronunciation: /ˈfiːtʃər/

120. Focus

Meaning: To concentrate on a particular task.

Example: I focus on what they speak rather than how they speak.

Plural: Foci or Focuses

UK Pronunciation: /ˈfəʊkəs/

US Pronunciation: /ˈfoukəs/

121. Immerse

Meaning: To involve deeply or completely in a work or experience.

Example: Immerse yourself while acting as a character.

Plural: Immerse

UK Pronunciation: /ɪˈmɜːs/

US Pronunciation: /ɪˈmɜːs/

122. Inspiration

Meaning: A person, thing or a situation that urges an individual to take action.

Example: Businessmen are a great inspiration.

Plural: Inspirations

UK Pronunciation: /ˌɪnspɪˈreɪʃ(ə)n/

US Pronunciation: /ˌɪnspəˈreɪʃən/

123. Intuition

Meaning: Something comes to the mind instinctively without any reason.

Example: I always follow intuition for making decisions.

Plural: Intuitions

UK Pronunciation: /ˌɪntʃʊˈɪʃ(ə)n/

US Pronunciation: /ˌɪntuˈɪʃən/

124. Inventive

Meaning: An act of creating something new through imagination.

Example: Thomas Edison had many inventions during his lifetime.

Plural: Inventiveness

UK Pronunciation: /ɪnˈventɪv/

US Pronunciation: /ɪnˈventɪv/

125. Legacy

Meaning: Giving something to the future generation or inherited from the past.

Example: India has a great legacy.

Plural: Legacies

UK Pronunciation: /ˈlegəsi/

US Pronunciation: /ˈlegəsi/