

PTE Reading Practice Test 15

Question Type: Re-order Paragraphs

Several text boxes appear on the screen in a random order. Put the text boxes in the correct order.

Sample 1:

- A. University of Otago Centre for International Health co-directors Professor Philip Hill and Professor John Crump share a view that global health is a multidisciplinary activity.
- B. In their work – from Tanzania to the Gambia, from Myanmar to Indonesia and beyond – they tap into a wide range of expertise from across the University, including clinicians, microbiologists and molecular microbiologists, public health experts, economists and mathematicians.
- C. They have also forged relationships and collaborations with research and aid agencies around the world.
- D. For the past seven years Professor Philip Hill has been part of a collaborative tuberculosis research project in Indonesia, with the University of Padjadjaran in Bandung, West Java.

Sample 2:

- A. All animals have a strong exploratory urge, but for some it is more crucial than others.
- B. It depends on how specialized they have become during the course of evolution.
- C. If they have put all their effort into the perfection of one survival trick, they do not bother so much with the general complexities of the world around them.
- D. The non-specialists, however, the opportunists of the animal world, can never afford to relax.
- E. So long as the anteater has its ants and the koala bear is gum leaves, then they are satisfied and the living is easy.

Sample 3:

- A. The Canadian Institute for Neutron Scattering will be holding the eleventh neutron summer school at Chalk River on May 8 – 13, 2011
- B. The lectures are aimed at beginning graduate students who have a wide variety of backgrounds in the sciences, such as physics, chemistry, materials science, structural biology, mineralogy.
- C. For more information, see the Canadian Institute for Neutron Scattering's Neutron Summer School.
- D. The theory will be presented in a way that should be understood by people in any of these fields.

Sample 4:

- A. After World War II, especially in North America, there was a boom in general aviation, both private and commercial, as thousands of pilots were released from military service and many inexpensive war-surplus transport and training aircraft became available.
- B. Manufacturers such as Cessna, Piper, and Beechcraft expanded production to provide light aircraft for the new middle-class market.
- C. At the same time, turboprop propulsion began to appear for smaller commuter planes, making it possible to serve small-volume routes in a much wider range of weather conditions.
- D. By the 1950s, the development of civil jets grew, beginning with the de Havilland Comet, though the first widely used passenger jet was the Boeing 707, because it was much more economical than other aircraft at that time.

Sample 5:

- A. Another way that man is destroying the world's forests is by burning them down. In the Amazon, for example, rainforests are being burnt down at a rate of 20 hectares a minutes.
- B. Trees are used for building houses, making furniture, and providing pulp for paper products, such as newspapers and magazines
- C.. Timber harvesting is a major reason for the destruction of the forests.
- D. At least 40 hectares of rainforest are being felled every minute, mostly in order to extract the valuable timber.
- E. The earth is losing its forests. Presently, trees cover about 30 percent of the earth's surface, but they are being destroyed at an alarming rate, especially in the tropics.

Answers:**Sample 1:**

ABCD

Sample 2:

DBCA

Sample 3:

ABDC

Sample 4:

ABDC

Sample 5:

ECBDA

